In this issue

Research Article

Open Access Research Article PTZAID:OJH-2-105

SARS CoV-2 pandemic mars the world hepatitis day theme 2020 of "Hepatitis free future in India" While Hepatitis -C, Research wins Nobel Price-2020

Published On: November 27, 2020 | Pages: 009 - 014

Author(s): K Suresh*

The best news of the year 2020 about Hepatitis is the announcement of the winners of the prize for Medicine or Physiology for the discovery of the Hepatitis C virus to Americans Harvey J. Alter and Charles M. Rice, and British scientist Michael Houghton on Monday the 5th October 2020. Second good news is Global hepatitis strategy- 2020 endorsed by all WHO Member State ...

Abstract View Full Article View DOI: 10.17352/ojh.000005

Open Access Research Article PTZAID:OJH-2-103

Evaluation of association of demographic profiles and sero prevalence of HBV and HCV among the patients presenting with chronic liver disease and its complications: A Tertiary Care Hospital Based Study

Published On: September 10, 2020 | Pages: 001 - 005

Author(s): Richmond Ronald Gomes* and Md. Akmat Ali

Background: Now-a-days chronic liver disease is one of the major health problems in the world. In developing countries, chronic liver disease due to hepatitis virus (like hepatitis B and hepatitis C virus) is increasing day by day. It is rapidly emerging as a major health problem. So the present study was conducted to document the hepatitis B and hepatitis C virus in ...

Abstract View Full Article View DOI: 10.17352/oih.000003

Mini Review

Open Access Mini Review PTZAID:OJH-2-104

Advances in Cholangiocarcinoma Treatment in the Personalized Medicine Era

Published On: November 23, 2020 | Pages: 006 - 008

Author(s): Kathrin Dvir, Gliceida M Galarza Fortuna, Nathaly Cortez, Veronica Guerra and Mike Cusnir*

Cholangiocarcinoma is amongst the most common primary tumors of the liver, second only to hepatocellular carcinoma, and it accounts for approximately 15% of primary hepatic malignancies [1]. Cholangiocarcinoma is sub-classified as intrahepatic (ICCA), perihilar (PCCA) or distal (DCCA), according to its anatomical location [2]. Regardless of location, cholangiocarcinom ...

Abstract View Full Article View DOI: 10.17352/ojh.000004